Coordinate Clause of Compound Declarative Sentence in CBS News

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ABSTRACT
The objective of this study is focused on analysing and determining the kinds of coordinate clause of compound declarative sentence in CBS News that related to article of education in the past six months. Observation and documentation method were applied for collecting the data of this study. On the other hand, this study applied two methods for analysing and determining the data found, there were formal method to present the result and informal method to determine the data found. The data found in this study was used the theory that proposed by Davidson (2002). For the result, this study has found 38 sentences containing coordinate clause of compound declarative sentence. There were two kinds of coordinate clause of compound declarative sentence from the data source: coordinate clause without conjunction or use punctuation is a comma (4), coordinate clause with conjunction “and” (20), “but” (6), “or” (4), “so” (3), “nor” (1).

1. INTRODUCTION
Language is a communication system that people use to communicate through each other in the form of written, gestural or oral style communication. Language is important because it is a tool for humans to interact and obtain information in the community. People need words to express their feelings, intentions and opinions.
Saussure (2013:10) states that language has a personal and a social aspect. It is unthinkable without the other. A language at a point in time includes an established system and evolution. In addition, JR (2001: 1) states that language has frequently been characterised as a scientific correlation among positive styles of gestures and meaning. By using language, it develops knowledge and creativity in analysing a sentence that can be found in movies, song lyrics, magazines, news and so on.

A sentence is a text unit consisting of one or more grammatically linked words. The sentence should provide enough information to get a complete idea of the message being conveyed to them. According to Frank (1972: 220), sentences are usually classified into types according to structure as well as function. According to their function, sentence parts are subject, predicate, object, complement and adverbial. Every sentence requires a subject and a verb. In some cases, it can be completed with an object, complement, or adverbial. According to Murphy (2003: 224) sentence structures are divided into four categories: simple sentences, compound sentences, complex sentences, and compound-complex sentences. From those categories, compound sentences are sentences of two or more coordinate clauses. Coordinate clause is a clause that introduced as one of the coordinating conjunctions. Coordinate conjunctions are words that connect two elements that have the same grammatical rank and syntactic meaning. Davidson (2002: 125) state that coordinate sentences are not connected by conjunctions, but simply flanking, and may sometimes consist of conjunctions. On the other hand, sentence function-based typing can be divided into four categories: Declarative sentence, interrogative sentence, imperative sentence, and also exclamatory sentence. Each of these sentence types has different functionality, especially for declarative sentences.

Aarts (2001: 58) argues that declarative sentences are the most authentic sentences. A declarative sentence is intended to inform listeners or readers of what the speaker or writer already knows, and conveys facts that are not exaggerated or underestimated. A declarative sentence may be a sentence that displays or provides information, or may also be referred to as a statement sentence. Thus, declarative sentences do not force or urge the listener to do something. This is confirmed by the pronunciation of declarative sentences with a flat accent, and the spelling ends with a dot or full stop. It is often used in daily life, such as in news or articles. The title of this study about compound declarative sentence which means compound sentence that use declarative form.

This study analyse the kinds of coordinate clause that found in article news site that related to the education category. (Goatly, 2000: 247) said that the media is one of the best resources for discourse. News is a timely report of public events, events, opinions and concerns. The part of communication that tells us about events, problems, and personal changes in the outside world is called news. News is new information about important and current events that affect and are of interest to the general public. News articles definitely contain accurate statements and information. News can be interesting and fun, but the main value of news is that it helps make news more meaningful. News contains a variety of information based on retrieved categories, such as health, sports, education and other world news. Discuss about
news, it provides news in a variety of ways, oral and written. Written news distribution is published in newspapers on Internet news sites and online newspapers. The news used in this study is CBS News site which is related to education article was taken from the past 6 months. The news is chosen because no one has used CBS News as a research topic and it can add insight and knowledge to read more news about education. Human can access articles by searching the internet for reading online. Today’s news channels are adding online news articles as a feature, as the digital format provides greater accessibility for readers.

This study is influenced by three previous studies addressing similar data. The first study is *The Syntax Analysis on Declarative Sentence in Ann Jungman’s Lucy Keep The Wolf From The Door* by Uswatun Khasanah. In this study, researchers focused on the structure of declarative sentences in the novel. The purpose of this study is to explain the structure of the novel's declaration and to see if the novel is complex. In the analytical process, the author used C.L.'s theory. Baker, the creator of the survey data, then used a random approach by searching each chapter. The author also used the Phrase Structure Tree (PST) to present the Phrase Structure Rules (PSR) to analyse the structure of the sentence. As a result of the analysis, it was found that the sentence pattern of the novel is simple. The frequency of simple sentences was found in 15 of the 28 declarative sentences, but the frequency of compound sentences, complex sentences, and complex compound sentences was low. Also, there are 83 nomenclatures, but at the clause level there are eight more, or nomenclatures. The difference between this study and the previous study is that this study identified the type of coordinate clause in the compound declarative sentence, while the previous study focused only on the declarative structure of the novel. The similarity between this study and previous papers is that both studies use declarative text as research topics and issues.

The second previous study is *An Analysis of Compound Sentences In Students’ Writing* by by Ika Dirga Sari, Hermawati Syarif, and Zul Amri. The objective of this study to explain English students' ability to write complex sentences. The research type is technical research. The people who did this research came from the 4th semester of the English semester. The total number of samples was 18 students from the educational program. Students were asked to write a logical essay of at least five paragraphs of complex sentences in 60 minutes and then analyse it using Doulay’s theory (1982: 154). As a result of the study, it was found that the students' ability to write complex sentences rose to an average level. The difference between this study and previous studies is that the previous study focused on describing English learners' ability to write complex sentences. Meanwhile, this study focuses on investigating the coordinate clause kind of compound declarations found in CBS News. The similarity between this study and previous studies is that both studies find compound sentences based on data sources.

The last previous study is *Declarative and Interrogative Sentences in The Film “American Sniper”* by I Gusti Ngurah Agung Tribawa and Kt. Alit Ida Setianingsih. This study aims to identify the sorts and features of declarative and interrogative sentences used all through this movie directed through Clint Eastwood. Qualitative
and documentary techniques had been used on this have a look at. The statistics had been qualitatively analysed in keeping with a few associated theories with a view to outline the sorts and features of declarative through Quirk (1985) and interrogative proposed through John Eastwood (1994). Based at the study results, the writer determined styles of declarative sentences, effective and poor declarative sentences, and 8 styles of interrogative sentences. The distinction of this has a look at among the preceding have a look at is that this has a look at handiest centred in figuring out the forms of coordinate clause of compound declarative sentence that found in CBS News, in the meantime the preceding has a look at centered to identify the sorts and features of declarative and interrogative sentences within the movie. The similarity of this have a look at and former have a look at is each of those research use declarative sentences as a hassle in studies.

2. METHODS

The data source in this study is article of education in CBS News site which published in the past 6 months. In the news article pointed that it has kinds of coordinate clauses whether using conjunctions or not using conjunctions. The data found were collected by using observation and documentation method. The researcher used several ways to collect the data, as though observation the data by researching online news in CBS News site, reading the entire CBS News, read carefully in relation to education, and find compound declarative sentence used in CBS News, taking note the sentences that categorized as compound declarative sentence, and classifying of data by kinds of coordinate clause in CBS News compound declarative sentence according to the theory from Davidson (2002). To present the data analysis, the researchers used the table as a formal method and used the narrative description as an informal method to identify and explain the kinds of coordinate clause of the sentence. By using these two methods will help the reader understand the analysed data.

3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

RESULTS

Based on the statement of Davidson (2002), he states that there are two kinds of coordinate clause, there is may be flanked by a conjunction and also may be flanked by a punctuation is a comma. The Result of Kinds of Coordinate Clause in the News supplied the varieties of coordinate clause use within the CBS News article or written textual content within the beyond six months. All the data found for kinds of coordinate clause in this study are shown in the Table.1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Kinds of Coordinate Clause</th>
<th>Data</th>
<th>Number of Occurrence</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Coordinate clause</td>
<td>without Comma (,)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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As seen from the table above, this study shows that the total of the data found in the CBS News were 45. The kinds of coordinate clause there were two, they are coordinate clause without conjunction or use punctuation is a comma (4), and coordinate clause with conjunction such as, and (20), but (6), or (4), so (3), nor (1). Whereas, for the coordinate clause that use conjunction “for” and “yet”, it could not be found in CBS News, it was because rarely to use it in the news. From the data table above, the data found in the news that is most widely used is the coordinate clause with conjunction “and”, meanwhile the least data is the coordinate clause with conjunction “nor”.

DISCUSSION

In this section, the researcher explained the analysis of kinds of coordinate clause of compound declarative sentence that found in CBS News site which related to education’s article. The data analysis presented using narrative description to make it easier for readers to understand the explanation of the results of the analysis. Data analysis that applied in this study used the theory from Davidson (2002).

1. Coordinate Clause without Conjunction.

Commas (,) are usually used in sentences without conjunctions. Sometimes the set of coordinates is not connected by a conjunction and is simply placed next to each other. The sentences used are usually stand-alone or can be said independent sentence. The data of coordinate clause without conjunction analysed and determined was shown and chosen randomly:

Data 1: We’re talking about works of literature, we’re talking about individuals talking in society.

(Caitlin O’kane, 17th November 2021)
From the sentence on the table that applied above, it shows that the sentence has two coordinate clauses. Coordinate clause is the part of compound sentence. The sentence also indicated to declarative sentence because it states that a statement sentence and then at the end of the sentence is used a period. The sentence used a punctuation is a comma (,) to combine the two clauses. The first clause is “We’re talking about works of literature”, and the second clause is “we’re talking about individuals talking in society.” The sentence is indicated as present continuous tense. Each clauses have several grammatical functions. The first clause has the word “we” as subject, “are talking” as verb “about works of literature” as complement. The second clause has the word “we” as subject, “are talking” as verb, and “about individuals talking” as complement, and “in society” as adverbial. The sentence declares that Stone said the campaign to ban books might spread more easily because of social media, and the ALA has seen different people from different communities use the same language when arguing against books — a hint that they got ideas from other people, perhaps online. The sentence is taken from CBS News entitled “‘Beloved’ isn’t the only book parents have challenged. Here’s why and how books get ba’ned.” which published on 17th November 2021 by Caitlin O’kane.

2. Coordinate Clause with Conjunction.

Coordinate clause with conjunction generally usually use coordinating conjunctions such as and, but, and or. On the other hand, a set of coordinates can be formed by conjunctions such as if, yet, so for, and nor. The best issue that connects those units of coordinates is the presence of the coordination conjunctions. Coordinate conjunctions are used in compound sentences to connect two independent parts of the compound sentence. The data of coordinate clause with conjunction analysed and determined were chosen randomly:

Data 2: Our children are watching the examples of the current debates and we must encourage a positive dialogue even with different opinions.

(Mellisa Quinn, 30th September 2021)

According to the sentence above, it shows that the sentence has two coordinate clause that indicated to compound sentence which using declarative form because the sentence is ended by period. Both of sentence is used conjunction “and” to conjunct those sentences. The first clause is “Our children are watching the examples of the current debates”, and the second clause is “we must encourage a positive dialogue even with different opinions.” The first clause is indicated as present continuous tense and the second clause is simple present tense. Each clauses have several grammatical functions. The first clause has the word “Our children” as subject, “are watching” a verb, “the example” as object, and “of the current debates” as complement. The second clause has the word “we” as subject, “must encourage” as verb, “a positive dialogue”
as object, and “even with different opinions” as complement. The sentence described that a national organization representing school board officials from around the country is asking President Biden for help from federal law enforcement to address the growing threat of violence and Intimidation against public school officials over COVID-19 restrictions and critical race theories. The organization said it believed “immediate assistance” was needed to protect students, school board members and teachers “who are vulnerable to acts of violence affecting interstate commerce because of threats to districts, their families and their personal safety.” The sentence is taken from CBS News which published by Melissa Quinn with the title “National school board group seeks federal help with threats against public school officials” on 30th September 2021.

Data 3: There was supposed to be a signup sheet for students, but two teachers mistakenly brought their entire class.

(CBS News, 10th February 2022)

Based on the sentence above, the sentence indicated as a compound sentence with using declarative form because it conveyed the sentence statement from the news and ended with full stop. Compound sentence is consists of two or more coordinate clauses. The sentence has two coordinate clauses. The first clause is “There was supposed to be a signup sheet for students”, and the second clause is “two teachers mistakenly brought their entire class.” The sentence used is used “but” as conjunction of those sentences. Although, the sentence has separated, it could not influence each other because both sentences can stand alone or is called independent sentence. The sentence is indicated as simple past tense. Both clauses have several grammatical functions. The first clause has the word “There” as adverbial, “was supposed” as verb, “to be a signup sheet” as complement, and “for students” as object. The second clause has the word “two teachers” as subject, “mistakenly brought” as verb, and “their entire class” as adverbial. The sentence declared a minor revival occurred last week during COMPASS, a daily “non-instructional” break in the schedule where students can study for exams, work on course preparation or listen to guest speakers, said Cabell County Schools spokesman Jedd Flowers. Flowers said the event was voluntary, organized by the school branch of the Christian Athlete’s Guild. The sentence is taken from CBS News entitled “Christian revival prompts student walkout at West Virginia public high school” that published on 10th February 2022.

Data 4: They had been coming out of their Delta wave, so their hospital census was already high.

(CBS News, 9th January 2022)
From the data found, the sentence shows that it is indicated to compound sentence that has two coordinate clauses which used declarative form. It is also because it conveyed the sentence statement from the news and ended by a full stop. The sentence is used conjunction “so” to separated both clauses. The first clause is “They had been coming out of their Delta wave”, and the second clause is “their hospital census was already high.” The first clause is indicated as past perfect continuous tense, meanwhile the second clause is indicated as simple past tense. The first clause has three grammatical functions, the word “They” as subject, “had been coming out” as verb, and “of their Delta wave” as complement. The second clause has three grammatical functions, the word “their hospital census” as subject, “was” as verb, “already high” as complement. The sentence explained that in New York City and Washington, D.C. The risk now is to the Midwest, where schoolchildren have increasing infections, where they are not yet in the middle of their Omicron wave. And have states that have high hospitalization rates for that matter. The sentence is taken from CBS News on 9th January 2022 with the news title “Full transcript of “Face the Nation” on January 9, 2022”.

4. CONCLUSION

Based on the analysing the coordinate clause of compound declarative sentence, there are 38 sentences that indicates as coordinate clause without conjunction and coordinate clause with conjunction. The kinds that mostly used in the CBS News based on the data found are coordinate clause with conjunction “and”. And the least data found is coordinate clause with conjunction “nor”. Compound sentence not only use conjunctions, but can also use punctuation is a comma. The sentence from the data taken is in the form of a declarative form which the sentence must be ended by a full stop.

5. REFERENCES


